



1
00:00:00,400 --> 00:00:04,003
[■]

2
00:00:04,036 --> 00:00:05,338
What's Up for August?

3
00:00:05,371 --> 00:00:08,374
August 21st's total
solar eclipse

4
00:00:08,407 --> 00:00:10,943
traces a narrow path
across the nation,

5
00:00:10,976 --> 00:00:13,413
though most of the U.S. will
see a partial eclipse.

6
00:00:14,481 --> 00:00:15,982
Hello and welcome. I'm Jane
Houston Jones from

7
00:00:16,015 --> 00:00:19,318
NASA's Jet Propulsion Laboratory
in Pasadena, California.

8
00:00:20,486 --> 00:00:23,756
Not everyone can travel to the
narrow path of totality,

9
00:00:23,789 --> 00:00:25,391
so here are some things
to look for--

10
00:00:25,424 --> 00:00:28,561
no matter whether you see
totality or a partial eclipse.

11
00:00:29,562 --> 00:00:32,365

Before eclipse day, pack
your eclipse toolkit

12

00:00:32,398 --> 00:00:36,702
with a notebook, pen or pencil,
a clock, a stopwatch,

13

00:00:36,735 --> 00:00:39,739
the front page of a newspaper,
a thermometer,

14

00:00:39,772 --> 00:00:42,442
and a stick with a piece of
crepe paper tied to it.

15

00:00:42,475 --> 00:00:44,477
And bring an assistant
to help conduct

16

00:00:44,510 --> 00:00:46,646
some science observations.

17

00:00:46,679 --> 00:00:49,048
Practice using a citizen
science phone app

18

00:00:49,081 --> 00:00:52,218
to help you study clouds,
air and surface temperatures

19

00:00:52,251 --> 00:00:53,586
during the eclipse.

20

00:00:53,619 --> 00:00:55,254
A good one is the GLOBE app.

21

00:00:56,288 --> 00:00:58,458
Go to the location where
you'll view the eclipse

22

00:00:58,491 --> 00:01:00,159

and check for trees
and buildings

23

00:01:00,192 --> 00:01:01,327

that may obstruct your view.

24

00:01:02,328 --> 00:01:05,064

Totality lasts less
than 3 minutes

25

00:01:05,097 --> 00:01:06,833

so you may want to
focus on doing

26

00:01:06,866 --> 00:01:09,235

only one science observation.

27

00:01:09,268 --> 00:01:12,038

Or just really
experience the eclipse!

28

00:01:12,071 --> 00:01:14,674

Don't waste this
once-in-a-lifetime opportunity

29

00:01:14,707 --> 00:01:17,009

by watching it on
your phone's screen.

30

00:01:17,042 --> 00:01:19,512

Plan to have your safe
solar-viewing glasses

31

00:01:19,545 --> 00:01:21,013

within immediate reach--

32

00:01:21,046 --> 00:01:22,949

in your pocket or

around your neck--

33

00:01:22,982 --> 00:01:26,853

for quick eye protection
before and after totality.

34

00:01:26,886 --> 00:01:30,723

Just before totality, if you
have a good view of the horizon,

35

00:01:30,756 --> 00:01:33,493

look west for the
approaching shadow.

36

00:01:33,526 --> 00:01:36,596

After totality, look east
low on the horizon

37

00:01:36,629 --> 00:01:38,397

for the departing shadow.

38

00:01:38,430 --> 00:01:40,433

If it's cloudy try
to see the shadow

39

00:01:40,466 --> 00:01:43,336

by looking up at the
bottoms of the clouds.

40

00:01:43,369 --> 00:01:46,339

During totality, look for stars.

41

00:01:46,372 --> 00:01:49,175

Can you see Regulus
in the solar corona?

42

00:01:49,208 --> 00:01:51,010

The stars of Orion?

43

00:01:51,043 --> 00:01:53,713

How early and how late
is Venus visible?

44

00:01:53,746 --> 00:01:55,982

Can you see any other planets?

45

00:01:56,015 --> 00:01:58,284

Before and after totality
you may see

46

00:01:58,317 --> 00:02:00,620

moving waves of
light and shadow

47

00:02:00,653 --> 00:02:04,223

like the patterns you see on the
bottom of a swimming pool.

48

00:02:04,256 --> 00:02:06,592

How dark does it get
at totality?

49

00:02:06,625 --> 00:02:09,328

As it gets darker, look at the
newspaper you brought

50

00:02:09,361 --> 00:02:12,465

and see what's the smallest
print you can read.

51

00:02:13,633 --> 00:02:16,035

How much does the temperature
drop during totality?

52

00:02:17,103 --> 00:02:20,173

Does the wind start, stop,
or change direction?

53

00:02:21,407 --> 00:02:25,011

Watch and listen for changes in animal and bird behavior.

54

00:02:25,678 --> 00:02:27,013

During the partial phases,

55

00:02:27,046 --> 00:02:29,882

use your hands as a pinhole projector.

56

00:02:29,915 --> 00:02:32,385

You'll be able to see the crescent shape of the sun

57

00:02:32,418 --> 00:02:35,454

projected through the spaces created by your fingers.

58

00:02:35,487 --> 00:02:38,424

You can also make a paper pinhole projector.

59

00:02:38,457 --> 00:02:41,561

In fact, any item with one or more holes in it--

60

00:02:41,594 --> 00:02:43,262

like a kitchen colander

61

00:02:43,295 --> 00:02:45,398

a loosely woven straw hat,

62

00:02:45,431 --> 00:02:48,901

even leaves on trees will project the crescent shapes.

63

00:02:50,035 --> 00:02:52,405

You can find out about all of NASA's missions at:

64

00:02:52,438 --> 00:02:55,007

www.nasa.gov

65

00:02:55,040 --> 00:02:57,577

And you can find out more

about the eclipse--

66

00:02:57,610 --> 00:03:03,282

including eclipse safety--at:

eclipse2017.nasa.gov

67

00:03:04,383 --> 00:03:06,152

That's all for this month.

I'm Jane Houston Jones.

68

00:03:06,886 --> 00:03:07,987

NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory